



RESEARCH ARTICLE

Traditional food and medicinal flora used by the Apatani and Nyishi tribes of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh, India

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Article No.: HYJBR69; Received: 30.04.2023; Revised: 20.05.2023; Accepted: 15.11.2023; Published: 31.12.2023

Doi: <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10513800>

Abstract

An ethnobotanical field survey was conducted in the 16 villages of the Apatani and Nyishi tribes of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh India during year 2016 – 2022. Ethnobotanical information was gathered through participants observations, focused group discussion, transect walk with informants and structured questionnaire format. The study revealed a total of 177 ethnobotanical species belonging to 58 plant families distributed under 125 genera used as food and medicinal agent by the Apatani the Nyishi tribes. Herbs were represented by highest number of species (103 spp.) which is followed by trees (34 spp.), shrubs (19 spp.), climbers (10 spp.), creepers (5 spp.) and under-shrub (1 sp.). The leaves were found to be the most frequently harvested plant parts with 60 spp. (33.8%) followed by fruits 56 spp. (31.60 %), whole plant 17 spp. (9.6 %), seeds 14 spp. (7.9%), roots 10 spp. (5.6 %), inflorescence, stem and young shoots 6 spp. (3.6%), petiole and tuber 5 spp. (2.8 %), bulb and rhizome 3 spp. (1.1 %), Pods, bark, resin and grass 1 sp. (0.5%). It was observed that the Apatani and Nyishi communities possess rich traditional knowledge related to identification, harvesting and sustainable utilization of the ethnobotanical resources.

Keywords: Ethnobotany; Food and Medicinal; Traditional Knowledge; Apatani and Nyishi; Conservation

1. Introduction

The state Arunachal Pradesh is a part of North East India and is located within Himalayan Biodiversity Hotspot (Myers et al., 2000). The state is blessed with rich biodiversity and tribal traditional knowledge. Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh is inhabited by Apatani and the Nyishi tribes endowed with rich traditional biocultural knowledge system (Rubu et al., 2021). They share a common ancestry derived from the mythical father Abo Tani, and also reported to have similar mythology and folklore, customary laws and oral literatures which is primarily found in the central districts of Arunachal Pradesh with slight variation in dialect and cultural practices (Tag and Das, 2004; Showren 2009; Naka et al., 2013; Palaniappan, 2019). However, perusal of literature revealed that the focused ethnobotanical study is required to document the ethnobotanical species traditionally used as food and medicinal agents by the Apatani and Nyishi tribes (Kala, 2005). The ethnobotanical and associated traditional knowledge used for bioresource conservation and sustenance of the rural livelihood need proper documentation and preservation for posterity and promotion of the rich cultural heritage of the Tani tribes of Eastern Himalaya (Rubu et al., 2021; Yanka et al., 2022). Therefore, this study documents the ethnobotanical species exclusively used as food and medicinal agents by the Apatani and Nyishi tribes of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh.

2. Materials and methods

2.1. Study site

Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh has a total land area of 3875 sq.km which lies between 26° 55' and 28° 40' N latitude and longitude 92° 40' and 94° 2' E. The district is bounded by Kurung-Kumey and Upper Subansiri districts on the North, Papum Pare district of Arunachal Pradesh and Assam on the South (Figure 1 and 2). The Lower Subansiri district is endowed with rich natural vegetation which comprises of tropical rain forest (100 - 1000 m), Subtropical Forest (1000 – 2000 m) and temperate forests (2000 m – 3000 m) (Figure 2A-C) and receives heavy rainfall during the month of March to July and remain dry during winter months (Yanka et al., 2019; Rubu et al., 2021).

2.2. Field survey

Ethnobotanical survey was conducted during 2016 - 2022 in 16 villages and semi-urban area of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh, namely, Ziro, Hapoli, Hari, Hong, Mudang Tage, Bamin Michi, Dutta, Lempia and Tajang in Apatani biocultural landscape (Figure 2A) and the Yachuli, Yazali, Takam Pasa, Possa, Peni, Pitapool and Potin in Nyishi biocultural landscape (Figure 2B and C) following the standard field interview method suggested by Martin (1995). Prior Informed Consent (PIC) were obtained from the informants of the study site. The ethnobotanical information of food and medicinal plants were collected from professional farmers and healers using participants observation, semi structured and structured questionnaires format, focused group discussion and transect walk with local informants in the community forest area. The voucher specimens of the ethnobotanical species were collected and prepared using standard method (Jain and Rao, 1977) and the taxonomic identity were confirmed using standard local flora such as *Flora of Lower Subansiri District, Arunachal Pradesh (India)*, Vol. 1 & 2. (Pal, 2013) and *Flora of Kurung Kumey District, Arunachal Pradesh (Dash and Paramjit, 2017)*. Accepted names were verified in the POWO (<https://powo.science.kew.org/>) hosted by the Royal Botanic Garden Kew, UK. The voucher specimens were submitted in the Herbarium of Arunachal University (HAU), Department of Botany, Rajiv Gandhi University, Rono Hills, Doimukh, Arunachal Pradesh, India for future references.

3. Results

3.1. Taxonomic diversity of ethnobotanical species

The present study revealed a total of 177 species of food and medicinal flora representing 125 genera from 58 plant families used by the Apatani and Nyishi tribes of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh (Table 1, Figure 3A). Rosaceae with 19 spp. (10.73 %) has been reported to be the most dominant family which is followed by Asteraceae 15 (8.47%) and Solanaceae 13 (7.34 %) (Figure 3B).

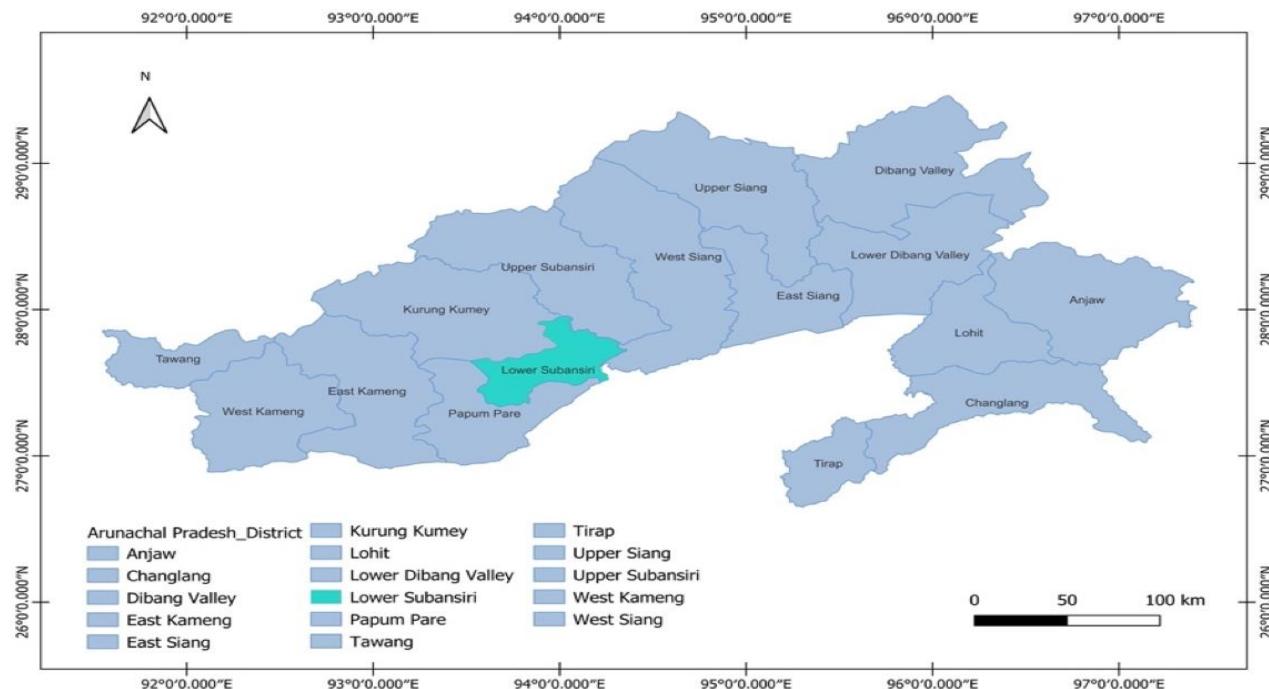


Figure 1. Map of Arunachal Pradesh (Blue region) showing the study site in the Lower Subansiri District of Arunachal Pradesh, India.

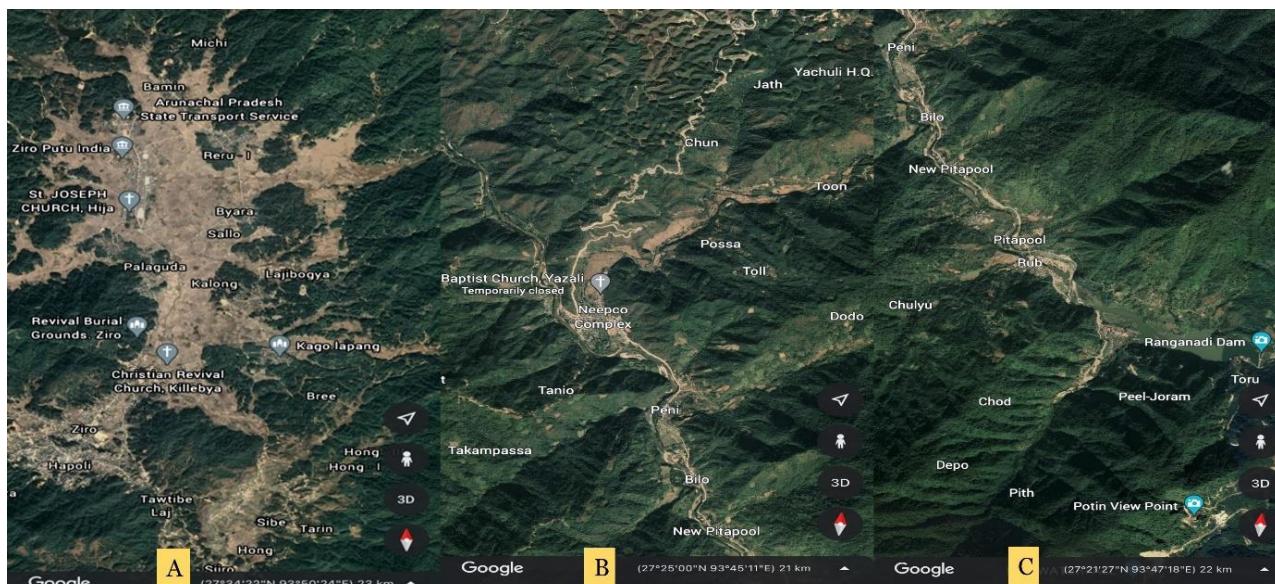


Figure 2. Google Earth image of Lower Subansiri District showing the study site; **A.** Ziro valley; **B.** Yachuli, Yazali, Takam Pasa, Possa; **C.** Peni, Pitapool and Potin

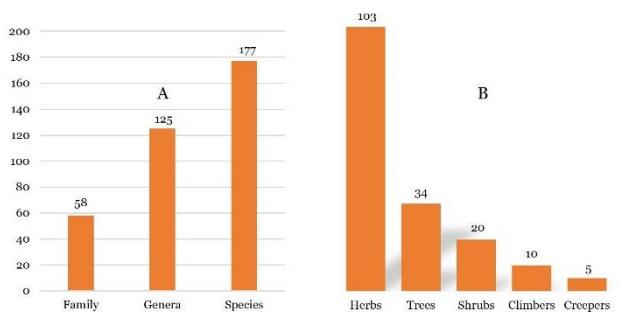


Figure 3A. Taxonomic diversity of ethnobotanical species (n=177); B. Growth form and habits of ethnobotanical species (N=177).

Of the total 177 species reported, herbaceous species are represented by 103 spp. (58.1%) which is followed by trees with 34 spp. (19.2%), shrubs 19 spp. (9.6%), climbers 10 spp. (5.4%) and creepers 5 spp. (2.8%) and under-shrub 1 sp. (0.5%) (Figure 4). Further, 124 spp. are found useful as food, 44 spp. as medicine, 8 spp. as spice and condiments, 21 spp. as both food and medicine, 4

spp. as food and beverage, 2 spp. as poisoning agent and 1 sp. as spice and condiments and food (Figure 5).

3.2. Utilisation of plant parts

Among the different plant parts harvested, leaves were found to be the most frequently plant part harvested (60 spp.) which accounts for 33.8% which is followed by fruits with 56 spp. (31.60 %), whole plant 17 spp. (9.6 %), seeds 14 spp. (7.9%), roots 10 spp. (5.6 %), inflorescence, stem and young shoots 6 spp. (3.6%), petiole and tuber 5 spp. (2.8 %), bulb and rhizome 3 spp. (1.1 %), Pods, bark, resin and grass 1 sp. (0.5%) (Figure 6)

Further, of the total 177 species reported, 153 spp. (82%) of food and medicinal plants reported are orally consumed, while 29 spp. (15%) were applied topically and 5 spp. (3%) were used both by orally consumption and topical application (Figure 7).

3.3. Marketing potential of the ethnobotanical species

Out of the total 177 species, *Acmella oleracea*, *Allium chinense*, *Allium hookeri*, *Capsicum chinense*, *Castanopsis indica*, *Chenopodium album*, *Citrus × aurantium*, *Clerodendrum glandulosum*, *Colocasia esculenta*, *Cucurbita maxima*, *Dioscorea*

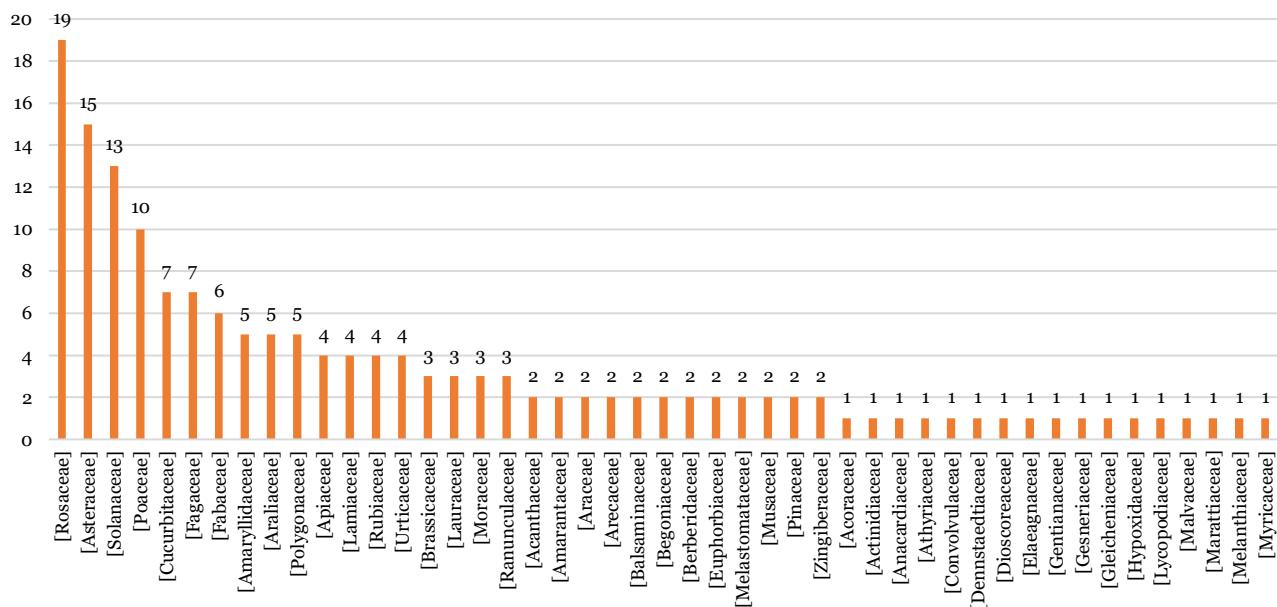


Figure 4. Graph showing the species representation under different plant families

floribunda, *Diplazium esculentum*, *Fagopyrum esculentum*, *Houttuynia cordata*, *Ipomoea batatas*, *Litsea cubeba*, *Manihot esculenta*, *Oenanthe javanica*, *Perilla frutescens*, *Phyllostachys manni*, *Phytolacca acinosa*, *Pinus wallichiana*, *Piper pedicellatum*, *Rhynchotechum ellipticum*, *Rubus ellipticus*, *Solanum aethiopicum*, *Solanum nigrum*, *Sonchus arvensis*, *Trichosanthes tricuspidata*, *Zanthoxylum armatum*, *Zanthoxylum rhetsa* and *Zingiber officinale* (Table 1) were reported as frequently harvested ethnobotanical species which were found to be popularly sold in the local ethnobotanical markets of Potin, Yachuli, Yazali, Ziro and Hapoli township market area for their traditional food and medicinal values. These ethnobotanical species fetch lucrative income for the marginal farmers which mainly comprises of women folk and has the higher commercial potential to sustain rural livelihood security in both Apatani and Nyishi area.

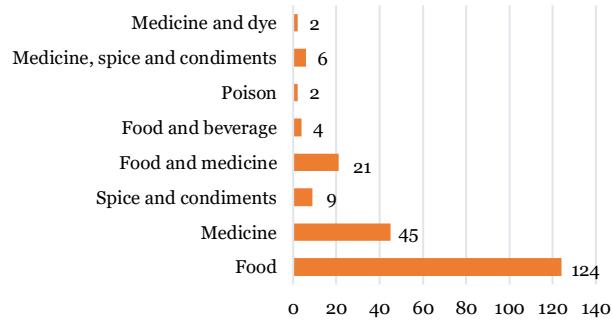


Figure 5. Bar diagram showing the use category of ethnobotanical species recorded from Apatani and Nyishi biocultural landscape of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh, India.

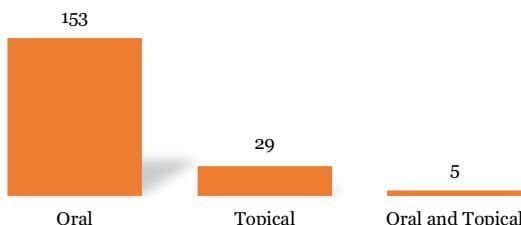


Figure 7. Pie Chart showing the mode of application of food and medicinal plants (n=177 species) used by the Apatani and Nyishi tribes of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh.

4. Discussion

Present ethnobotanical investigation has revealed that most of the marginal farmers mainly comprises of women folk among the Apatani and the Nyishi community of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh primarily relies on cultivated and wild edible plants for meeting their food and medicinal requirements which helps in sustenance of the rural livelihood. The wild edible species such as *Dioscorea floribunda*, *Diplazium esculentum*, *Fagopyrum esculentum*, *Houttuynia cordata*, *Litsea cubeba*, *Oenanthe javanica*, *Phytolacca acinosa*, *Piper pedicellatum*, *Rhynchotechum ellipticum*, and *Zanthoxylum armatum* were frequently found sold in the local markets due to high demand in traditional food system and has the potential to sustain local economy, food and medicinal security in the rural localities. Some of these reports were found to be in agreement with earlier ethnobotanical reports on Apatani and Nyishi communities (Kala et al., 2005; Rubu et al., 2021; Yanka et al., 2022). Our observation

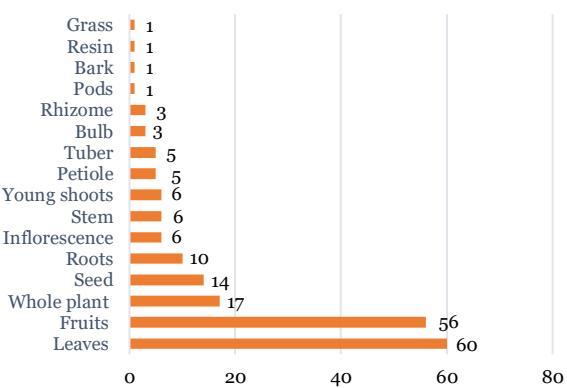


Figure 6. Plant parts harvested and used by the Apatani and Nyishi community of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh.

further revealed that medicinal flora reported are mostly harvested from the wild sources available in the tropical, subtropical and temperate forest of both Nyishi and Apatani biocultural landscape. The community traditional knowledge plays a vital role in cultivation and conservation of the commercially viable species; however, younger generation are slowly losing traditional ethnobotanical knowledge (Yanka et al., 2019).

Table 1. Checklist and traditional uses of the ethnobotanical species used by the Apatani and Nyishi ethnic communities in Lower Subansiri District of Arunachal Pradesh, India.

SL	Botanical Names [Abbreviations used: L = Leaf; F= Fruit; WP= Whole Plant; Rh = Rhizome; S = Seed; Bu= Bulb; FL = Flower; R= Root; Inf= Inflorescence; Pe= Petiole; Po= Pods; Tu= Tubers; Tu= Roots]	Use category	Vernacular name	Ethnic group	Part used	Habit	Traditional uses	
1	<i>Aconella oleracea</i> (L.) R.K.Jansen [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1604/2018	Medicine; Spices and condiments	Yorkhung/Budh Hamang/Marsha	Apatani; Nyishi	I; Inf	Herb	Tender shoots are edible, Inflorescence used for curing tooth ache	
2	<i>Aconella paniculata</i> (Wallich ex DC.) R.K.Jansen; [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1608/2018	Medicine; Spices and condiments	Yorkhung/Teri honum	Apatani; Nyishi	WP	Herb	Tender shoots are edible, Inflorescence used for curing tooth ache	
3	<i>Aconitum ferox</i> Wall. ex Ser. [Ranunculaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1635/2019	Poison	Imyo/Omle, Onyu	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Leaves made into paste and used as a poison	
4	<i>Aconitum heterophyllum</i> Wall. ex Royle [Ranunculaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1669/2019	Poison	Imyo/ Omle, Onyu	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Leaves made into paste and used as a poison	
5	<i>Acorus calamus</i> L. [Acoraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1606/2018	Medicine	Kile tolo/ Gongee/Buch	Apatani; Nyishi	Rh	Herb	Rhizome paste is applied on cuts, wounds and bone fracture; Extracts of rhizome along with Zingiber officinalis rhizome is used for curing Gastric	
6	<i>Actinidia callosa</i> Lindl. [Actinidiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1676/2020	Food; Beverage	Antii tare	Apatani	F	Tree	Fruits edible	
7	<i>Agaveatum conyzoides</i> (L.) L. [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1619/2018	Medicine	Hwkwr, Paspava	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Leaf paste is applied on cuts for blood clothing	
8	<i>Agaveatum houstonianum</i> Mill.;[Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1601/2018	Medicine	Borbia tami/Hwkwr, Paspya	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Leaf paste is applied on cuts for blood clothing	
9	<i>Allium cepa</i> L. [Amaryllidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1501/2016	Food	Piyaji/Peyaj	Apatani; Nyishi	Bu	Herb	Consume the bulb roasted, raw or cooked	
10	<i>Allium chinense</i> G.Don; [Amaryllidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1502/2016	Food; Medicine	Tale/Talap Lobu	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Consumed raw as a vegetable to cure cough and cold	
11	<i>Allium hookerii</i> Thwaites [Amaryllidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1603/2018	Food; Medicine	Tale/Talap	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Consumed raw as a vegetable to cure cough and cold	
12	<i>Allium tuberosum</i> Rottler ex Spreng. [Amaryllidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1504/2016	Food	Tale/Talap Labta	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Consumed raw as a vegetable to cure cough and cold	
13	<i>Amaranthus viridis</i> L. [Amaranthaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1548/2017	Spices and condiments	Tai Hamang/Yorko puchu kinyu Elaichi	Apatani; Nyishi	L, S	Herb	Consumed as vegetable	
14	<i>Annonum subulatum</i> Roxb. (cultivated large) [Zingiberaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1679/2021	Medicine	Tabu samii	Apata	L	Herb	Used as condiments	
15	<i>Amorphophallus kachinensis</i> Engl. & Gehrm. [Araceae] HY/HT/HAU/1650/2019	Medicine	Tari	Apata	S, L, R	Shrub	Leaves paste used to cure snake bite, cuts and wounds	
16	<i>Angiopteris evecta</i> (G.Forst.) Hoffm. [Marattiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1666/2018	Food	Narutami	Apata	WP	Herb	Stem and leaves are burnt into ash called piyu which is further used in preparation of alkaline solution called Pila (used as a chief ingredient in preparation of Pike)	
17	<i>Anisomeles indica</i> (L.) Kuntze. [Lamiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1561/2017	Medicine	Kukkyu/Tipin Tarin	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Shrub	Paste applied on cuts and wounds	
18	<i>Artemisia indica</i> Wild. [Arecaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1609/2018	Food; Medicine					Vegetable, Leaves are kept in poultry baskets to repel pests and insects; Inhalation strong smell of leaf relieves nose blockade and headache, Bathing with water diluted with its leaves relieves from itching & skin allergy	
19	<i>Artemisia nilagirica</i> (C.B.Clarke) Pamp. [Arecaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1610/2018	Food; Medicine	Kukkyu	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Shrub	Leaves used in stomach-ache and body pain;	
20	<i>Bauhinia variegata</i> L. [Fabaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1567/2017	Food	Gayi sanii	Nyishi	Inf.	Tree	Young aromatic leaves used as disinfectant	
21	<i>Begonia aborensis</i> Dunn [Begoniaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1570/2017	Food	Lukku	Apatani; Nyishi	Pe	Herb	Inflorescences are edible	
22	<i>Begonia roxburghii</i> A.DC [Begoniaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1612/2018	Food	Bukku/Baba rai	Apatani; Nyishi	Pe	Herb	Petioles are edible (Sour)jo	
23	<i>Berberis napaulensis</i> (DC.) Spreng. [Berberidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1715/2021	Food; Beverage	Taaming	Apata	F, Inf.	Shrub	Tender shoots are edible	
							Fruits and Inflorescence edible	

		Medicine	Tipe Tarey	Apatani	R	Shrub	
24	<i>Berberis wallichiana</i> DC. [Berberidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1611/2018	Food	Giyyang Hamang/ Guyi O Giyan Hamang/ Gui O	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani; Nyishi	L, S	Herb	Used to lower teeth Pain Consume as boiled vegetable
25	<i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern. [Brassicaceae]	Food	Perung/ Peren	Apatani; Nyishi	WP	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
26	<i>Brassica rapa</i> L. [Brassicaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1615/2018	Food	Yobbu Terro/Tir	Apatani; Nyishi	Po	Herb	PodsConsumed as a vegetable
27	<i>Cajanus cajan</i> (L.) Millsp [Fabaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1682/2021	Food; Medicine	Tagin Terro/Teyir	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Important part of traditional food habit; it is taken raw, boil, as chutney and condiment; taken to cure fever, cold and cough
28	<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L. [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1699/2021	Food; Medicine	Tero/ Teyir	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Important part of traditional food habit; it is taken raw, boil, as chutney and condiment; taken to cure fever, cold and cough
29	<i>Capsicum chinense</i> Jacq. [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1618/2018	Food; Medicine	Tero/ Teyir	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Important part of traditional food habit; it is taken raw, boil, as chutney and condiment; taken to cure fever, cold and cough
30	<i>Capsicum frutescens</i> L. [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1622/2018	Food; Medicine	Tero/ Teyir	Apatani; Nyishi	WP	Herb	Consumed raw as a vegetable to cure cough and cold
31	<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i> L. [Brassicaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1549/2017	Food	Padii Hamang/ Sorum pwdw Kiira ai	Apatani	F	Tree	Nuts edible
32	<i>Costanopsis hystrix</i> Hook. f. & Thomson ex A. DC. [Fagaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1514/2016	Food	Rahu Kiira ai	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Tree	Nuts edible
33	<i>Costanopsis indica</i> (Roxb. Ex Lindl.) A.DC. [Fagaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1519/2016	Food	Kiira ai	Apatani	F	Tree	Nuts edible
34	<i>Costanopsis purpurella</i> (Miq.) N.P.Balakr. [Fagaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1523/2016	Food	Korbing kiira	Apatani	F	Tree	Nuts edible
35	<i>Costanopsis tribuloides</i> (Sm.) A.DC. [Fagaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1525/2016	Food; Medicine	Ngilyang Khiko Hamang/ Barang/ Ngulyi hilik Tai Hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	WP	Herb	Eaten raw as salad and cooked as vegetable, Cures for gastritis, blood purification and also increases appetite.
36	<i>Centella asiatica</i> (L.) Urb [Apiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1544/2017	Food	Rijiang	Apatani	YS	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
37	<i>Chenopodium album</i> L. [Amarantaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1552/2017	Food	Khe Alyo	Apatani; Nyishi	R	Tree	Young shoots eaten as vegetable
38	<i>Chimonobambusa callosa</i> (Munro) Nakai [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1555/2016	Food	Spices and condiments	Tareh	WP	Herb	Root Bark is taken as a spice
39	<i>Cinnamomum verum</i> J.Presl [Lauraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1518/2016						The plant is burnt into ashes and the filter is used as a traditional liquid called Pila which is an important ingredient for preparing Pikey; an Apatani cuisine
40	<i>Cirsium lipeskui</i> Petr. [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1540/2017						Fruits are edible
41	<i>Citrus × aurantium</i> L. [Rutaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1527/2016	Food	Komla Tinga	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Tree	Fruit edible
42	<i>Citrus medica</i> L. [Rutaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1528/2016	Food	Nimu tinga	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Tree	
43	<i>Clerodendrum glandulosum</i> Lindl.[Lamiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1623/2018	Food; Medicine	Pato Hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Shrub	Decotion of leaves is used for lowering high Blood pressure, Consumed as vegetable
44	<i>Colocasia esculenta</i> (L.) Schott [Araceae] HY/HT/HAU/1554/2017	Food	Ingehe	Apatani; Nyishi	Bu	Herb	Bulb eaten boiled or roasted
45	<i>Coriandrum sativum</i> L. [Apiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1530/2016	Spices and condiments	Dhunia pata	Apatani; Nyishi	WP	Herb	It is consumed either raw or cooked with other vegetables
46	<i>Cotula henriettae</i> (Roxb.) Wall. ex C.B.Clarke [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1683/2021	Food	Pesuluang Hamang	Apatani	WP	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
47	<i>Crassocephalum crepidioides</i> (Benth.) S.Moore [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1625/2018	Food	Genda Hamang/ Genta	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	It is consumed raw
48	<i>Crotom persimilis</i> Müll.Arg. [Euphorbiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1557/2017	Medicine	Pailamu	Apatani	L	Shrub	Used against stomach disorder
49	<i>Cucumis sativus</i> L. [Cucurbitaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1622/2018	Food	Taku/ Mukku	Apatani; Nyishi	F, L, S	Creeper	Consumed as a vegetable

50	<i>Cucurbita maxima</i> Duchesne [Cucurbitaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1621/2018	Food	Tape	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani; Nyishi	I, Pe, F	Climber
51	<i>Circium longa</i> L. [Zingiberaceae]	Medicine; Spices and condiments	Haaldi/ Haldi	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani	Tu WP	Herb
52	<i>Cyanthillium cinereum</i> (L.) Rob. [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1559/2017	Spices and condiments	Tami	Apatani	WP	Herb
53	<i>Cymbopogon citratus</i> (DC.) Stapf [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1618/2019	Medicine	Poh	Apatani	WP	Herb
54	<i>Dendrocalamus hamiltonii</i> Nees and Arn. ex Munro [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1546/2017	Spices and condiments; food	Yai byapu	Apatani	Ys	Grass
55	<i>Dicranopteris linearis</i> (Burm.f.) Underw. [Gleicheniaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1628/2019	Medicine	Tari	Apatani	L	Herb
56	<i>Dioscorea floribunda</i> M.Martens & Galeotti [Dioscoreaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1685/2021	Food	Ranyi engin	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani; Nyishi	Tu WP	Climber
57	<i>Diplazium esculentum</i> (Retz) [Athyriaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1630/2019	Food; Beverage	Hiika Hanhang/ Hoka Padma Peda	Apatani	F	Herb
58	<i>Dognia indica</i> (Wall.) Decne. [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1686/2021	Food	Harri ahi	Apatani	F	Tree
59	<i>Elaeagnus latifolia</i> L. [Elaeaginaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1558/2017	Food	Hiipe hanhang/ Huj O Sarse/Temi	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani; Nyishi	I, S	Shrub
60	<i>Elatostema platyphyllum</i> Wedd. [Urticaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1637/2021	Food	Aki Tayi	Apatani	I, Infl	Herb
61	<i>Elettaria coracana</i> (L.) G aertn. [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1745/2021	Food	Yabing	Apatani	YS	Herb
62	<i>Elisholtzia blanda</i> (Benth.) Benth. [Lamiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1772/2021	Food	Dhunia pata	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb
63	<i>Eremocaulon capitatum</i> (Trin.) Londoño [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1781/2021	Spices and condiments	Naru sanii	Apatani	L	Tree
64	<i>Eryngium foetidum</i> L. [Apiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1632/2019	Medicine	Hohu O	Nyishi	L, St	Herb
65	<i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> Labill. [Myrtaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1531/2016	Food	Taro ahi/Tao	Apatani; Nyishi	H	Tree
66	<i>Fagopyrum esculentum</i> Moench [Polygonaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1781/2022	Food	Saro ahi	Apatani; Nyishi	I, S	Herb
67	<i>Ficus auriculata</i> Lour. [Moraceae] HY/HT/HAU/173/2021	Food	Aki Jilyung	Apatani	F	Herb
68	<i>Ficus hookeriana</i> Corner [Moraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1727/2021	Food	Anm perung	Apatani	S	Herb
69	<i>Fragaria nubicola</i> (Lindl.)ex Hook.f. Lacaita [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1734/2021	Food	Food; Medicine	Hiipe Hanhang/ Hogia Subu Giyan	YS	Young Leaves consumed as vegetable; leaves also used for blood clotting
70	<i>Glycine max</i> (L.) Merr. [Fabaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1779/2021	Food	Food; Medicine	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani	L	Herb
71	<i>Gonostegia triandra</i> (Blume) Miq. [Urticaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1564/2017	Food; Medicine	Food; Medicine	Sta Hamang/ Heya Oh Hiihyo hamang	WP I, R	Young Leaves consumed as vegetable Leaves and tubers are edible Used as Vegetable
72	<i>Gynura eusimbiua</i> (D.Don) S.Moore [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1613/2018	Food; Medicine	Food; Medicine	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani; Nyishi	Herb	Raw juice is consumed as a deworming agent Leaves consumed as vegetable
73	<i>Houttuynia cordata</i> Thunb. [Sarauraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1634/2019	Food; Medicine	Food; Medicine	Sta Hamang/ Heya Oh Hiihyo hamang	Herb	Tender shoots are edible
74	<i>Hydrocotyle javanica</i> Thunb. [Araliaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1670/2020	Food; Medicine	Food; Medicine	Apatani; Nyishi Apatani; Nyishi	Herb	Leaves and tubers are edible Used as Vegetable and also to cure indigestion
75	<i>Impatiens raemosa</i> DC. [Balsaminaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1659/2019	Food	Food	Aki tai Hamang/ Choyum Aki tai Hamang	L	Leaves consumed as vegetable
76	<i>Impatiens bracteolata</i> hook.f. [Balsaminaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1753/2021	Food	Food	Apatani	L	Leaves consumed as vegetable

		Food	Rh	Creeper	Rhizome consumed boiled or burnt in fire
77	<i>Ipomeoea batatas</i> (L.) Lam. [Convolvulaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1738/2021	Medicine	Mita Aalu/Gulya/ Balo Gulya Kochi Hamang	Apatanı; Nyishi Apatanı	Consumed raw to cure stomach disorder
78	<i>Axeridium gracile</i> var. <i>gracile</i> [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1533/2016	Food	Hokhw ahi	Nyishi	Fruit edible
79	<i>Juglans regia</i> L. [Juglandaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1705/2021	Food; House hold material	Yaju/ Uju Sankhe	Apatanı; Nyishi Apatanı	Young fruits consumed as vegetable and older fruit is used as a jug Dried fruit is eaten raw
80	<i>Lagenaria siceraria</i> (Molina) Standl. [Cucurbitaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1744/2021	Food; Medicine	Santu tero/ Stin teer	Apatanı; Nyishi	Fruits consumed as condiments; also used to induce good sleep
81	<i>Lithocarpus</i> sp. [Fagaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1722/2021	Food; Medicine	Sibi Lahin	Apatanı	Whole plant is crushed and applied to wounds and cuts for healing. Extract of the plant used to cure snake bite.
82	<i>Litsea cubeba</i> (Lour.) Pers. [Lauraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1547/2017	Medicine	Niiye Hamang/ Lapha Sanii Enghé/ sangne	Apatanı; Nyishi Apatanı; Nyishi	Consumed as a vegetable
83	<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i> L. [Lycopodiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1537/2016	Food	Paku- khanuchi/ Aki Sanyi/ Da dasa Mani/ Tani/ Japan Ter/Chinater Kubu Yanii/ Doye	Apatanı; Nyishi Apatanı; Nyishi Apatanı, Nyishi Apatanı	Tuber consumed as food
84	<i>Malva verticillata</i> L. [Malvaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1761/2021	Food	sangne Gende	Apatanı; Nyishi Apatanı; Nyishi	Ripen fruit consumed raw
85	<i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz. [Euphorbiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1749/2021	Food	Kol	Apatanı; Nyishi	Leaves are made into paste and applied in cuts and wounds
86	<i>Melastoma malabathricum</i> L. [Melastomataceae] HY/HT/HAU/1736/2021	Medicine	Kol	Apatanı; Nyishi	Tuber paste is used for blood clotting; Paste of petiole is used for the treatment of snake bite
87	<i>Mikania micrantha</i> Kunth [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1644/2019	Medicine	Kol	Apatanı; Nyishi	Fruit edible
88	<i>Moliniera capitulata</i> (Lour.) [Hypoxidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1520/2016	Food	Kol	Apatanı; Nyishi	Fruit eaten raw and Inflorescence consumed as vegetable
89	<i>Morus nigra</i> L. [Moraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1746/2021	Food	Kol	Apatanı; Nyishi	Fruits and Young inflorescences are edible
90	<i>Musa × paradisiaca</i> L. [Musaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1733/2021	Food	Kol	Apatanı; Nyishi	Consume as boiled vegetable
91	<i>Musa aurantiaca</i> G.Mann ex Baker [Musaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1773/2021	Food	Nyishi	Apatanı; Nyishi	Fruits are edible
92	<i>Mussaenda roxburghii</i> Hookf. [Rubiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1733/2021	Food	Tachar	Apatanı	Fruits are edible
93	<i>Myrica esculenta</i> Buch.Ham Ex D.Don [Myricaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1721/2021	Food	Baching	Hugu hamang Emo/Embign/ Amm	Leaves eaten raw as vegetable and also to get relief from indigestion
94	<i>Oenanthe javanica</i> (Blume) DC. [Apiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1575/2017	Food; Beverage	Paku Yading	Apatanı; Nyishi	Grain consumed as staple food
95	<i>Oryza sativa</i> L. [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1789/2022	Food; Medicine	O Khui Hamang/ Powa yub/haas opuapa Pidi Taru/Yepete	Apatanı; Nyishi	Antitussive, antipyretic
96	<i>Osbeckia chinensis</i> L. [Melastomataceae] HY/HT/HAU/1555/2017	Medicine	Zansang	Apatanı	Leaves and fruits consumed raw to cure stomach ach
97	<i>Onaxis corniculata</i> L. [Oxalidaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1541/2016	Medicine	Zansang	Apatanı	Leaves are made into paste to cure wounds and cuts
98	<i>Paeonia officinalis</i> L. [Rubiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1668/2019	Medicine	Zansang	Apatanı	Powdered rhizomes are used for treatment of chest inflammation, lung inflammation, fatigue, boil and sores, mouth ulcer and apply in cut wound.
99	<i>Paeonia officinalis</i> L. [Rubiaceae] MT/HT/1505/2018	Medicine	Zansang	Apatanı	Rhizome are used as health drink as health tonic.
100	<i>Panax bipinnatifidus</i> Seemann [Araliaceae] HT/SK/HAU/1542/2017	Medicine	Zansang	Apatanı	Ripen fruits eaten raw. Powder of slice cut rhizome are used as herbal tea to boost stamina.
101	<i>Panax bipinnatifidus</i> var. <i>angustifolius</i> (Burkill) J.Wen [Araliaceae] HT/SK/HAU/1597/2018	Medicine	Apatanı	Apatanı	Pinch of powder are used for treatment of chest inflammation, boil and sores, mouth ulcer.
102	<i>Paris polyphylla</i> Sm. [Melanthiaceae] HT/HAU/1557/2017	Medicine	Paris/Nyoro enyi	Apatanı; Nyishi	Tubers are dried and consumed to cure boil and sores, skin and chest inflammation.

103	<i>Passiflora edulis</i> Sims [Passifloraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1791/2022	Food	Passion ábi	Apatani	F	Climber	Fruits edible
104	<i>Perilla frutescens</i> (L.) Britt. [Lamiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1762/2021	Food	Nendu/Namdu	Apatani; Nyishi	S	Herb	Ripe fruits are mixed with boiled rice and made into rice balls for children, it is also used in mixing with chilli flakes Consumed as a vegetable
105	<i>Persicaria chinensis</i> (L.) H.Gross [Polygonaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1782/2022	Food	Tohu embin	Apatani; Nyishi	L, S	Herb	Used for fish Poisoning
106	<i>Persicaria hydropiper</i> (L.) Delarbre [Polygonaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1743/2021	Poison	Pakam loram	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Eaten raw as a vegetable
107	<i>Persicaria nepalensis</i> (Meisn.) H.Gross [Polygonaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1744/2021	Food	Luli Hamang	Apatani	L, S	Herb	Paste of leaves used for healing snake bite and bee sting
108	<i>Phlogacanthus thyrsiformis</i> (Roxb. ex Hardw.) Mabb. [Acanthaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1674/2021	Medicine	Borta pipi	Nyishi	L	Herb	Fruit eaten raw as a Chutney; Fruit also boiled as food and to improve liver function, relieve insomnia and high blood pressure; Consumed as chutney and used as one of the ingredients in pitey (Apataini cuisine)
109	<i>Phoebe coeruleana</i> P.C.Kanjilal and Das [Lauraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1642/2019	Food; Medicine	Samper	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Tree	YS eaten either roasted or boiled
110	<i>Phyllostachys mannii</i> Gamble [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1770/2021	Food	Bije/Byapu	Apatani	YS	Grass	YS eaten either roasted or boiled
111	<i>Phyllostachys reticulata</i> (Rupr.) K.Koch [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1771/2021	Food	Bije/Byapu	Apatani	YS	Grass	Ripen fruit consumed raw
112	<i>Physalis angulata</i> L. [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1780/2022	Food	Jisu Bengna	Apatani	F	Herb	Consume as boiled vegetable
113	<i>Phytolacca acinosa</i> Roxb. [Phytolaccaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1766/2021	Food	Uyi Tanyi hamang/ Nyet Kopa Piinni hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Leaves are cooked as vegetable
114	<i>Pilea insolens</i> Wedd. [Urticaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1720/2021	Food	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Resins (Sat) of the tree are used to cure heels crack	
115	<i>Pinus wallichiana</i> A.B.Jack. [Pinaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1723/2021	Medicine	Piisa sanii	Apatani	Re	Leaves are edible; It is also consumed to relieve high blood pressure.	
116	<i>Piper pedicellatum</i> C.DC [Pinaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1646/2019	Food	Rare/Raru Hamang/Yer O Motor/Motor	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Pods eaten as vegetable
117	<i>Pistia sativum</i> L. [Fabaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1732/2021	Food	Mepi hamang/ Mip Yoru Lai hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	P	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
118	<i>Plantago asiatica</i> L. [Plantaginaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1759/2021	Food	Subu Tute/jilyung	Apatani	F	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
119	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L. [Portulaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1719/2021	Food	Olk Hamang	Apatani	L	Herb	Fruit edible
120	<i>Potentilla indica</i> (Andrews) Th.Wolf [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1777/2021	Food	Semo	Apatani	F	Herb	Leaves consumed as vegetable
121	<i>Pouzolzia hirta</i> (Blum) Blum Ex Hassak. [Urticaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1712/2021	Food	Drasankha	Apatani	F	Tree	Fruit edible
122	<i>Prunus cerasoides</i> Buch.-Ham. ex D.Don [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1729/2021	Food	Alyo gubu tani/Miyian Hamang/Tipi yan Taree	Takung/Makum	Apatani; Nyishi	Tree	Fruit edible
123	<i>Prunus napaurensis</i> (Ser.) Steud. [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1711/2021	Food	Apatani; Nyishi	WP	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable	
124	<i>Prunus persica</i> (L.) Batsch [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1728/2021	Food	Pinchu Naspati/ Naspati Pitta ahí	Apatani	F	Tree	Leaves Juice of young or tender leaves is used to stop bleeding in minor cuts Fruit edible
125	<i>Pseudognaphalium affine</i> (D.Don) [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1737/2021	Food				Fruit edible	Fruit edible
126	<i>Pteridium revolutum</i> (Blume) Nakai [Dennstaedtiaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1574/2017	Medicine				Herb	
127	<i>Pyrus communis</i> L. [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1709/2021	Food				Tree	
128	<i>Pyrus pashia</i> Buch.-Ham. ex D.Don [Rosaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1755/2021	Food				Tree	

		Food	Sankhe	Apatani	F	Tree	Fruits are cooked and eaten
129	<i>Quercus griffithii</i> Hook.f. & Thomson ex Miq. [Fagaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1742/2021	Food	Saii	Apatani	F	Tree	Fruits are cooked and eaten
130	<i>Quercus semecarpifolia</i> Sm. [Fagaceae]	Medicine	Yapung gelung	Apatani	R	Herb	Root paste applied in cuts and wound
131	<i>Ranunculus diffusus</i> DC. [Ranunculaceae]	Food	Tamo	Apatani	F	Tree	Fruits are edible; Leaves are used to ferment soya bean
132	<i>Rhus chinensis</i> Mill. [Anacardiaceae]	Food	Jok	Nyishi	L	Under shrub	Consumed as a vegetable
133	<i>Rhamnophyllum ellipticum</i> (Wall. Ex D. Dietr.) A.DC. [Gesneriaceae]	Medicine	Tarii apu	Apatani	R	Climber	Used for treating sore throat
134	<i>Rosa multiflora</i> Thunb. [Rosaceae]	Medicine & Dye	Tamen	Apatani	R, L, S	Herb	Antiseptic & dying purpose
135	<i>Rubia cordifolia</i> L. [Rubiaceae]	Medicine & Dye	Timing	Apatani	R, S	Climber	Decoction of root powder is used against cold, cough and dysentery; Stem is used as a dye for cloths
136	<i>Rubia manjith</i> Roxb. [Rubiaceae]	Food	Jilying	Apatani	F	Shrub	Ripe fruits are edible
137	<i>Rubus alceifolius</i> Poir [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilying	Apatani	F	Herb	Fruit edible
138	<i>Rubus calycinus</i> Wall. ex D. Don [Rosaceae]	Food	Nyinkhe Jiling ayi / Jilyun	Apatani	F	Shrub	Ripe fruits are edible (Sweet)
139	<i>Rubus ellipticus</i> Sm. [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilyung	Apatani	F	Herb	Fruit edible
140	<i>Rubus foliosus</i> D. Don [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilyung	Apatani	F	Herb	Fruit edible
141	<i>Rubus lineatus</i> Reinw. ex Blume [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilyung	Apatani	F	Herb	Fruit edible
142	<i>Rubus lucens</i> Focke [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilyung	Apatani	F	Herb	Fruit edible
143	<i>Rubus moluccanus</i> L. [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilyung	Apatani	F	Shrub	Ripe fruits are edible (Sweet)
144	<i>Rubus niveus</i> Thunb [Rosaceae]	Food	Mido jelo / Jikho jilyung/ Chib rupum	Apatani	F	Shrub	Ripe fruits are edible (Sweet)
145	<i>Rubus paniculatus</i> Sm. [Rosaceae]	Food	Jilyung	Apatani	F	Shrub	Fruit edible
146	<i>Rubus rosifolius</i> Sm. [Rosaceae]	Food	Hitungbulung	Apatani	F	Shrub	Fruit edible
147	<i>Rumex crispus</i> L. [Polygonaceae]	Food; Medicine	Tajang Lyho	Apatani	L	Herb	Leaf past is applied on burnt skin; Leaves cooked as vegetable
148	<i>Saccharum officinarum</i> L. [Poaceae]	Food	Tabey Akho/ Tabh	Apatani; Nyishi	St	Grass	The stem is chewed to enjoy its sweetness
149	<i>Sageretia filiformis</i> (Roth) G. Don [Rhamnaceae]	Medicine	Miji	Apatani	S	Tree	Fumes of stem is used to cure corn
150	<i>Schefflera</i> spp. [Araliaceae]	Food	Sankoo	Apatani	F	Tree	it is cooked as a pike an Apatani delicacy
151	<i>Senna alata</i> (L.) Roxb. [Fabaceae]	Medicine	kra pat	Apatani	L	Tree	Juice of leaves use for relieve from itching
152	<i>Solanum aethiopicum</i> L. [Solanaceae]	Food; Medicine	Byako/ Byak	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Fruits are boiled and consumed as Chutney or vegetable
153	<i>Solanum aculeastrum</i> Dunal [Solanaceae]	Medicine	Stiti Byako	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Fruit is chewed between the
154	<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L. [Solanaceae]	Food	Tomator	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
155	<i>Solanum melongena</i> L. [Solanaceae]	Food	Byayun/ Bayom	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Consumed as a vegetable
156	<i>Solanum nigrum</i> L. [Solanaceae]	Food; Medicine	Hiiro Hamang/ Hor O	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Leaves are edible; Leaves are also taken orally for dysentery and also warmed leaves are applied on bruises

			Food	Pata Byak	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Herb	Tender shoots are edible
157	Solanum torvum Sw. [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1694/2021							
158	<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L. [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1652/2019	Food	Aalu	Apatani; Nyishi	Tu	Herb	Tubers are either roasted, boiled or fried and taken as food	
159	<i>Solanum viarum</i> Dunal [Solanaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1693/2021	Medicine	Tare	Apatani	F	Herb	Young fruits are chewed between the tooth to relieve toothache	
160	<i>Solenia heterophylla</i> Lour. [Cucurbitaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1508/2016	Food	Jojuru	Apatani	F	Creeper	Ripen fruit consumed raw	
161	<i>Sonchus arvensis</i> L. [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1674/2020	Medicine	Kochi Hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Consumed raw against stomach pain	
162	<i>Sonchus brachyotus</i> DC. [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1673/2020	Medicine	Kochi/ Pakuharbu hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Consumed raw to cure stomach disorder	
163	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> L. [Asteraceae] HY/HT/HAU/1602/2018	Medicine	Kochi hamang	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Herb	Consumed raw to cure stomach disorder	
164	<i>Strobilanthes helicina</i> T. Anderson [Acanthaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1692/2021	Food	Tagging Hamang	Apatani	YL	Herb	Cooked to consume as a vegetable	
165	<i>Suerertia chirayita</i> (Roxb.) H. Karst. [Gentianaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1556/2017	Medicine	Chirata	Apatani	WP	Herb	Whole plant Decoction of the dried plant is taken in malarial fever and cold. It is also used as anthelmintic.	
166	<i>Taxus wallichiana</i> Zucc. [Taxaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1512/2016	Medicine	Talley Noori	Apatani	B	Tree	Bark oil is used to cure cancer	
167	<i>Thladiantha cordifolia</i> (Blume) Cong. [Cucurbitaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1633/2019	Medicine	Riko/ Riik	Apatani; Nyishi	St	Climber	Treatment of various ailments viz., fever, stomach problem and debility	
168	<i>Thladiantha zireensis</i> Yanka H. & Arup K. Das [Cucurbitaceae] HY/AKD/HAU/1008/2017	Medicine	Riko/ Riik	Apatani; Nyishi	St	Climber	Treatment of various ailments viz., fever, stomach problem and debility	
169	<i>Trichosanthus dioicuspidata</i> Lour. [Cucurbitaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1631/2019	Medicine	Bullungkoa	Apatani	F	Climber	Used for curing boils and sore	
170	<i>Viburnum foetidum</i> Wall. [Vibrurnaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1724/2021	Food	Yoru	Apatani	F	Shrub	Fruits eaten raw	
171	<i>Vigna unguiculata</i> (L.) Walp. [Fabaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1690/2021	Food	Obyo perung	Apatani	F	Herb	Fruits are edible either boil or fry	
172	<i>Zanthoxylum acanthopodium</i> DC. [Rutaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1664/2019	Medicine; Spices and condiments	Yorkhung/ Honam	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Tree	Used to cure cough, fever; it is also used as spice and condiment	
173	<i>Zanthoxylum armatum</i> D.C [Rutaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1665/2019	Medicine; Spices and condiments	Yorkhung/ Honam	Apatani; Nyishi	F	Tree	Used to cure cough, fever; it is also used as spice and condiment	
174	<i>Zanthoxylum oxyphyllum</i> Edgew. [Rutaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1658/2021	Spices and condiments	Tare Hamang/ Honyor	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Tree	Used as a traditional spice and condiment	
175	<i>Zanthoxylum rhoetska</i> (Roxb.) DC. [Rutaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1661/2019	Spices and condiments	Tare Hamang/ Honyor	Apatani; Nyishi	L	Creeper	Used as a traditional spice and condiment	
176	<i>Zea mays</i> L. [Poaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1550/2017	Food	Tanyi/ Top	Apatani; Nyishi	C, St	Herb	Corn is boiled or roasted in the fire to consume	
177	<i>Zingiber officinale</i> Roscoe; [Zingiberaceae] HY/HT/HAU/1533/2018	Medicine; Spices and condiments	Taki/ Takeh/Takeng	Apatani; Nyishi	Rh	Herb	Used for curing cough and sore throat; it is also used as a spice and condiments	

5. Conclusion

Present study reported ethnobotanical uses of 177 species of both cultivated and wild edible food and medicinal flora from Apatani and Nyishi biocultural landscape of Lower Subansiri district of Arunachal Pradesh. These ethnobotanical species were found as a main source of food and medicinal security among the marginal farmers mainly comprises of womenfolk living in the rural and semi-urban localities. The ethnobotanical species frequently harvested and sold in the markets have been reported to have high demand in traditional food and medicinal preparation of the Nyishi and Apatani tribe. Conservation of community forest and spreading awareness on traditional utilization knowledge will help in conservation and sustainable utilization of the wild ethnobotanical species of high commercial significance.

Acknowledgements

The authors acknowledge the contribution of the local informants of Lower Subansiri District of Arunachal Pradesh, India for the support and guidance in the field. The first author expresses her thankfulness to the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, GOI for funding support. Head, Department of Botany, Rajiv Gandhi University, Rono Hills, Doimukh, Arunachal Pradesh, India for logistic and lab supports.

Authors' contribution

The first author (HY) conducted the field survey, developed draft manuscript. Second and third authors (PKH and HT) designed the methodology and finalized the manuscript.

Conflict of interest

Authors have no conflict of interests.

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